SAFETY DATA SHEET





DeSolite® 950-200

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier Other means of identification

: DeSolite® 950-200 : Not available.

Product type : Liquid.

Material uses : UV-curable coatings, inks and matrix materials.

Supplier : Covestro Desotech Inc. 1122 St Charles Street

Elgin IL 60120

Tel: +1 (847) 697-0400 resins.SDS@covestro.com

e-mail address of person

responsible for this SDS

Emergency telephone 1-800-424-9300

number

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29

CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 substance or mixture

TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms





Signal word

Hazard statements ▶317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statements

201 - Obtain special instructions before use. Prevention

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.

P260 - Do not breathe vapor.

P272 - Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. : P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.

P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.

Storage : P405 - Store locked up.

Disposal : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

and international regulations.

Hazards not otherwise

classified

Response

: None known.

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Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Other means of identification : Not available.

CAS number : Not applicable.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Propenoic acid, 2-phenoxyethyl ester 2-Propenoic acid, 1,1'-[2-ethyl-2-[[(1-oxo-2-propen-1-yl)oxy]methyl] -1,3-propanediyl] ester Ethanone, 2,2-dimethoxy-1,2-diphenyl- Ethanol, 2-phenoxy-	25 - 50 5 - 10 1 - 5 1 - 5	48145-04-6 15625-89-5 24650-42-8 122-99-6

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get

medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell.

Inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not

breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight

clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact : Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash

contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly

before reuse.

Ingestion : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep

at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or

waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : No specific data.

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Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> irritation redness

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities

have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: None known.

Specific hazards arising

from the chemical Hazardous thermal

decomposition products

: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon monoxide silicium oxides phosphorous oxides (dense) black smoke

aldehydes organic acids

Special protective actions

for fire-fighters

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment :

for fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

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For emergency responders

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Fut on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store between the following temperatures: 15 to 30°C (59 to 86°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store in original container, protected from direct sunlight. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Inhibitor only effective in the presence of oxygen.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

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Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Propenoic acid, 2-phenoxyethyl ester	None.
2-Propenoic acid, 1,1'-[2-ethyl-2-[[(1-oxo-2-propen-1-yl)oxy]methyl]	AIHA WEEL (United States, 7/2018).
-1,3-propanediyl] ester	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 1 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Ethanone, 2,2-dimethoxy-1,2-diphenyl-	None.
Ethanol, 2-phenoxy-	None.

Appropriate engineering

controls

: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne

contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Environmental exposure controls

Individual protection measures

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating,

smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the

workstation location.

Eye/face protection : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk

assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be

worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the

time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove

manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. < 1 hour (breakthrough time): (0.12 mm)

Nitrile gloves.

Body protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being

performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling

this product

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected

based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a

specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the

appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Remarks : Do not use PVC gloves. PVC absorbs acrylics. Do not use natural rubber gloves. Replace

damaged gloves.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid. [Clear.]
Color : Amber

Odor : Characteristic.
Odor threshold : Not available.
pH : Not available.
Melting point : Not available.

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Boiling point : Not available.

Flash point : Closed cup: >199.4°F (>93°C) [Closed cup , ISO 1523]

Evaporation rate: Not available.Flammability (solid, gas): Not available.Lower and upper explosive: Not available.

(flammable) limits

Vapor pressure: Not available.Vapor density: Not available.Relative density: 1.05 (Water = 1)Density (g/cm³): 1.05 g/cm³ (23°C)Bulk density: Not available.

Solubility : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

Solubility in water : Not available.

Solubility at room : Not available.

temperature

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

Viscosity : Dynamic (room temperature): 2200 to 2800 mPa·s (2200 to 2800 cP)

Kinematic (room temperature): >20.95 cm²/s (>2095 cSt)

Remarks : Soluble in the following materials: organic solvents

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Product is stabilised with inhibitor(s) to avoid inadvertent polymerisation. Polymerisation

will release heat and may result in a pressure buildup that could rupture closed

containers.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep away from flames or sparks. May

polymerize on exposure to light. During heating, spontaneous polymerisation can occur.

Incompatible materials : Keep away from: Free radical initiators, peroxides, strongly alkaline and strongly acidic

materials or reactive metals. Contact with these could result in uncontrolled exothermic

polymerization.

Hazardous decomposition

products

: No specific data.

Remarks : Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep away from flames or sparks. Inhibitor only

effective in the presence of oxygen. Keep away from: Free radical initiators, peroxides, strongly alkaline and strongly acidic materials or reactive metals. Contact with these could

result in uncontrolled exothermic polymerization.

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Propenoic acid, 2-phenoxyethyl ester	LD50 Oral	Rat - Female	5000 mg/kg	-
2-Propenoic acid, 1,1'-[2-ethyl-2-[[(1-oxo-2-propen-1-yl)oxy] methyl]-1,3-propanediyl] ester	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>0.55 mg/l	6 hours
31 1 1 31	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	5170 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3680 mg/kg	-
Ethanone, 2,2-dimethoxy- 1,2-diphenyl-	LD50 Dermal	Rat - Male, Female	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male, Female	1470 mg/kg	-
Ethanol, 2-phenoxy-	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat - Male, Female	>1000 mg/m³	14 days
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	14391 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Female	1840 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
∠Propenoic acid,2-phenoxyethyl ester	Eyes - Redness of the conjunctivae	Rabbit	1	hours	24 hours
2-pricrioxycuryr ester	Skin - Primary dermal irritation index (PDII)	Rabbit	0.25	24 hours	-
2-Propenoic acid, 1,1'-[2-ethyl-2-[[(1-oxo-2-propen-1-yl)oxy] methyl]-1,3-propanediyl] ester	Skin - Erythema/Eschar	Rabbit	>2	-	-
31 / 1 / 31	Eyes - Cornea opacity	Rabbit	>1	_	_
Ethanone, 2,2-dimethoxy- 1,2-diphenyl-	Skin - Primary dermal irritation index (PDII)	Rabbit	1.2	-	-
, ,	Eyes - Non-irritating	Rabbit	0	-	-
Ethanol, 2-phenoxy-	Eyes - Edema of the conjunctivae	Rabbit	2	-	-
	Eyes - Cornea opacity	Rabbit	0	-	-
	Eyes - Iris lesion	Rabbit	0	-	-
	Skin - Edema	Rabbit	1	-	-

Sensitization

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
Propenoic acid,2-phenoxyethyl ester	skin	Guinea pig	Sensitizing
2-Propenoic acid, 1,1'-[2-ethyl-2-[[(1-oxo-2-propen-1-yl)oxy] methyl]-1,3-propanediyl] ester	skin	Guinea pig	Sensitizing
Ethanone, 2,2-dimethoxy-1,2-diphenyl-	skin	Human	Not sensitizing
Ethanol, 2-phenoxy-	skin	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing

Mutagenicity

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Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result
2-Propenoic acid,	-	Experiment: In vitro	Negative
2-phenoxyethyl ester		Subject: Bacteria	
	-	Experiment: In vitro	Negative
		Subject: Mammalian-Animal	
	-	Experiment: In vitro	Negative
		Subject: Mammalian-Human	
2-Propenoic acid, 1,1'-[2-ethyl-	OECD 473 In vitro	Experiment: In vitro	Positive
2-[[(1-oxo-2-propen-1-yl)oxy]	Mammalian	Subject: Mammalian-Human	
methyl]-1,3-propanediyl] ester	Chromosomal Aberration		
	Test		
	OECD 474 Mammalian	Experiment: In vivo	Negative
	Erythrocyte Micronucleus	Subject: Mammalian-Animal	
	Test	-	

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Maternal toxicity	Fertility	Development toxin	Species	Dose	Exposure
2-Propenoic acid, 2-phenoxyethyl ester	-	-	-	Rat - Male, Female	Oral: 300 mg/kg Once daily, Parental	-

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
thanone, 2,2-dimethoxy-1,2-diphenyl-	Category 2	-	-

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure

: Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : No specific data.

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

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Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
2 -Propenoic acid,	Sub-chronic NOAEL Oral	Rat - Male,	300 mg/kg Once	-
2-phenoxyethyl ester		Female	daily	
2-Propenoic acid, 1,1'-[2-ethyl-	Sub-acute NOAEL Dermal	Rat	300 mg/kg	28 days
2-[[(1-oxo-2-propen-1-yl)oxy]				
methyl]-1,3-propanediyl] ester				
	Chronic NOAEL Dermal	Rat	12 mg/kg	-
Ethanone, 2,2-dimethoxy-	Sub-chronic NOEL Oral	Rat - Male,	42.8 mg/kg	45 days
1,2-diphenyl-		Female		
Ethanol, 2-phenoxy-	Sub-chronic NOAEL Dermal	Rabbit - Male,	500 mg/kg	13 weeks; 6
		Female		hours per day
	Sub-chronic LOAEL Dermal	Rabbit - Male,	>500 mg/kg	13 weeks; 6
		Female		hours per day
	Sub-chronic NOAEL Oral	Rat	369 mg/kg	-
	Sub-acute NOAEC Inhalation	Rat - Male,	48.2 mg/m³	14 days; 6 hours
	Dusts and mists	Female		per day
	Sub-acute LOAEC Inhalation	Rat - Male,	246 mg/m ³	14 days; 6 hours
	Dusts and mists	Female	_	per day

General : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a

severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Reproductive toxicity: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ I)
▼eSolite® 950-200	9519.9	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-Propenoic acid, 2-phenoxyethyl ester	5000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-Propenoic acid, 1,1'-[2-ethyl-2-[[(1-oxo-2-propen-1-yl)oxy]methyl]-1,3-propanediyl] ester	3680	5170	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ethanone, 2,2-dimethoxy-1,2-diphenyl-	1470	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ethanol, 2-phenoxy-	1840	14391	N/A	N/A	N/A

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Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
2-Propenoic acid,	Acute EC50 4.44 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
2-phenoxyethyl ester			
	Acute EC50 1.33 mg/l	Algae	96 hours
	Acute EC50 1.21 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute EC50 177 mg/l	Micro-organism	3 hours
	Acute LC50 10 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Chronic EC ₁₀ 0.1 mg/l	Daphnia	21 days
2-Propenoic acid, 1,1'-[2-ethyl-	Acute EC50 18.8 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Desmodesmus subspicatus	72 hours
2-[[(1-oxo-2-propen-1-yl)oxy]			
methyl]-1,3-propanediyl] ester			
	Acute LC50 19.9 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.87 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours
Ethanone, 2,2-dimethoxy-1,2-diphenyl-	Acute EC50 19.666 mg/l Fresh water	Algae	96 hours
	Acute LC50 18.387 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 29.67 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Ethanol, 2-phenoxy-	Acute EC50 >500 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans	48 hours
	Acute LC50 344000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute NOEC >500 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Desmodesmus subspicatus	72 hours
	Chronic NOEC 9.43 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 23 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	34 days

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
2-Propenoic acid, 2-phenoxyethyl ester	OECD 301D Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test	22.3 % - Inherent - 28 days	-	-
2-Propenoic acid, 1,1'-[2-ethyl-2-[[(1-oxo-2-propen-1-yl)oxy] methyl]-1,3-propanediyl] ester	OECD 301B Ready Biodegradability - CO ₂ Evolution Test	82 to 90 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
2 -Propenoic acid,	-	-	Inherent
2-phenoxyethyl ester			
2-Propenoic acid, 1,1'-[2-ethyl-	-	-	Readily
2-[[(1-oxo-2-propen-1-yl)oxy]			
methyl]-1,3-propanediyl] ester			
Ethanone, 2,2-dimethoxy-	-	-	Inherent
1,2-diphenyl-			
Ethanol, 2-phenoxy-	-	-	Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

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Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
2-Propenoic acid,	2.58	-	low
2-phenoxyethyl ester			
2-Propenoic acid, 1,1'-[2-ethyl-	4.35	-	high
2-[[(1-oxo-2-propen-1-yl)oxy]			
methyl]-1,3-propanediyl] ester			
Ethanone, 2,2-dimethoxy-	3.42	10.63	low
1,2-diphenyl-			
Ethanol, 2-phenoxy-	1.107	0.3493	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	Not regulated.	UN3082	UN3082	UN3082	UN3082
UN proper shipping name	-	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (2-Propenoic acid, 2-phenoxyethyl ester, 2-Propenoic acid, 1,1'-[2-ethyl-2- [[(1-oxo-2-propen- 1-yl)oxy]methyl] -1,3-propanediyl] ester)	SUBSTANCIA LIQUIDA POTENCIALMENTE PELIGROSA PARA EL MEDIO AMBIENTE, N.E.P. (2-Propenoic acid, 2-phenoxyethyl ester, 2-Propenoic acid, 1,1'-[2-ethyl-2-[[(1-oxo-2-propen- 1-yl)oxy]methyl] -1,3-propanediyl] ester)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (2-Propenoic acid, 2-phenoxyethyl ester, 2-Propenoic acid, 1,1'-[2-ethyl- 2-[[(1-oxo- 2-propen-1-yl)oxy] methyl] -1,3-propanediyl] ester)	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n. o.s. (2-Propenoic acid, 2-phenoxyethyl ester, 2-Propenoic acid, 1,1'-[2-ethyl-2-[[(1-oxo-2-propen-1-yl)oxy]methyl] -1,3-propanediyl] ester)
Transport hazard class(es)	-	9	9	9	9

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		¥22		¥2>	**************************************
Packing group	-	III	Ш	III	III
Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.

Additional information

TDG Classification : Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods

Regulations: 2.43-2.45 (Class 9), 2.7 (Marine pollutant mark).

Non-bulk packages of this product are not regulated as dangerous goods when transported

by road or rail.

Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index 5

Special provisions 16, 99

Mexico Classification : The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes

of ≤ 5 L or ≤ 5 kg.

Special provisions 274, 331, 335

IMDG : This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5

kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to

4.1.1.8.

Emergency schedules F-A, S-F Special provisions 274, 335, 969

IATA : This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5

kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 5.0.2.4.1, 5.0.2.6.1.1 and

5.0.2.8.

Quantity limitation Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 450 L. Packaging instructions: 964. Cargo Aircraft Only: 450 L. Packaging instructions: 964. Limited Quantities - Passenger

Aircraft: 30 kg. Packaging instructions: Y964.

Special provisions A97, A158, A197

Special precautions for user: **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright

and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of

an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according

to IMO instruments

: Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations : TSCA 4(a) final test rules: Cyclotetrasiloxane, 2,2,4,4,6,6,8,8-octamethyl-

TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: See remarks

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): See remarks

Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: cyclohexane

	Product/ingredient name	CAS#	%
Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	2-Propenoic acid, 2-phenoxyethyl ester	48145-04-6	28.5

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances : Not listed

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Clean Air Act Section 602

Class II Substances

: Not listed

DEA List I Chemicals

: Not listed

(Precursor Chemicals)

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)

: Not listed

SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	2-Propenoic acid, 2-phenoxyethyl ester	48145-04-6	28.5
Supplier notification	2-Propenoic acid, 2-phenoxyethyl ester	48145-04-6	28.5

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

Massachusetts: None of the components are listed.New York: None of the components are listed.

New Jersey : The following components are listed: GLYCOL ETHERS

Pennsylvania : None of the components are listed.

California Prop. 65

This product does not contain any chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Ingredient name	List name	Status
Not listed.		

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Ingredient name	List name	Status
Not listed.		

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Ingredient name	List name	Status
Not listed.		

Remarks : Relevant declarations related to this product are available on request.

Section 16. Other information

History

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Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as

modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
KIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2	Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method

References : Not available.

▼ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

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